

ERRATUM

Open Access

Erratum: The RNA editing enzyme APOBEC1 induces somatic mutations and a compatible mutational signature is present in esophageal adenocarcinomas

Giulia Saraconi, Francesco Severi, Cesare Sala, Giorgio Mattiuz and Silvestro G Conticello*

Erratum

During the typesetting of the final version of the article [1] some data in Table 1 have been accidentally changed. These data were correct in the provisional version of the article. A correct Table 1 is as follows:

Please note that references 41 and 42 in the table legend correspond to the reference order in the original article [1].

Published online: 08 November 2014

Reference

1. Saraconi G, Severi F, Sala C, Mattiuz G, Conticello SG: **The RNA editing enzyme APOBEC1 induces somatic mutations and a compatible mutational signature is present in esophageal adenocarcinomas.** *Genome Biology* 2014, **15**:417.

doi:10.1186/s13059-014-0497-9

Cite this article as: Saraconi et al.: Erratum: The RNA editing enzyme APOBEC1 induces somatic mutations and a compatible mutational signature is present in esophageal adenocarcinomas. *Genome Biology* 2014 **15**:497.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at
www.biomedcentral.com/submit



* Correspondence: silvo.conticello@ittumori.it
Core Research Laboratory, Istituto Toscano Tumori, viale Pieraccini 6, Firenze 50139, Italy

Table 1 List of the non-clonal mutations identified in the *BCR-ABL1* fusion gene from imatinib-resistant K562 clones

Samples	Position	AA change	Codon change	Sequence context
Control	1409	E495G	GAA > GGA	
	1472	R491Q	CGG > CAG	GCCGG
	1503	Silent	TIT > TTC	
AID	298	G100C	GGC > TGC	GCCTA
	395	Silent	AAA > AAG	
	568	G190D	GGC > GAC	TGCCA
	633	T212A	ACG > GCG	
Rat APOBEC1	344	G155D	GGC > GAC	GGCCA
	607	L203M	CTG > ATG	CCCTG
	613	E205K	GAG > AAG	CTCGG
	764	K255T	AAG > ACG	
	987	Silent	GGG > GGT	TTCCC
Human APOBEC1	669	Silent	AGC > AGT	AGCCG
	758	R253H	CGC > CAC	TGCGC
	841*	Silent	CTG > TTG	AGCTG
	697	H233D	CAT > GAT	TTCAT
	699	H233D	CAT > GAC	
	1149*	Silent	GCC > GCA	GCCAT
	1245*	F415L	TTT > TTG	

The region analyzed (encompassing exon 13 of BCR and exon 9 of ABL1) includes the imatinib-binding region of the fusion gene. The asterisk indicates mutations found in the same clone. The local sequence context for the mutations at cytosines is shown. Compared to the AID-induced mutations found in previous reports (mutations in approximately 30% of the sequences) [41], [42], we found approximately one mutation in each of the clones analyzed. This is explained by the different procedures we used to select resistant clones: whereas the other studies focused on competing bulk populations of AID-transfected GFP(+) cells and control GFP(-) cells, we analyzed individual clones arising from the same number of cells plated in the presence of imatinib.