### Correction

# Correction: Human fetal neuroblast and neuroblastoma transcriptome analysis confirms neuroblast origin and highlights neuroblastoma candidate genes

Katleen De Preter\*, Jo Vandesompele\*, Pierre Heimann<sup>†</sup>, Nurten Yigit\*, Siv Beckman<sup>‡</sup>, Alexander Schramm<sup>§</sup>, Angelika Eggert<sup>§</sup>, Raymond L Stallings<sup>¶</sup>, Yves Benoit<sup>¥</sup>, Marleen Renard\*, Anne De Paepe\*, Geneviève Laureys<sup>¥</sup>, Sven Påhlman<sup>‡</sup> and Frank Speleman\*

Addresses: \*Center for Medical Genetics, Ghent University Hospital, De Pintelaan, B-9000 Ghent, Belgium. †Department of Medical Genetics, University Hospital Erasme, Lenniksebaan, B-1070 Brussels, Belgium. †Division of Molecular Medicine, Department of Laboratory Medicine, Lund University, University Hospital MAS, SE-20502 Malmö, Sweden. \*Department of Pediatric Oncology and Hematology, University Hospital of Essen, Hufelandstr., Essen 45122, Germany. \*Children's Cancer Research Institute, University of Texas Health Science Center, Floyd Curl Drive, Mail Code 7784, San Antonio, Texas 78229-3900, USA. \*Department of Pediatrics, Ghent University Hospital, De Pintelaan, B-9000 Ghent, Belgium. \*Department of Pediatrics, UZ Gasthuisberg, Herestraat, B-3000 Leuven, Belgium.

Correspondence: Frank Speleman. Email: franki.speleman@ugent.be

Published: 31 January 2007

Genome Biology 2007, 8:401 (doi:10.1186/gb-2007-8-1-401)

The electronic version of this article is the complete one and can be found online at http://genomebiology.com/2007/8/1/401

© 2007 BioMed Central Ltd

We wish to report some corrections to our study [1], none of which alters the interpretation of the data or the conclusions drawn. After publication, we noticed that one of the microarray hybridizations (on sample NB11) was performed on the same patient's material as another hybridization (sample NB4; see Table 1; a corrected version of Table 5 [1]). As this error leads to an incorrect subclassification of the patients into the 'favourable' and 'unfavourable' neuroblastoma subgroups, we would like to exclude this data point from the differential expression analysis of favorable versus unfavorable neuroblastoma given under the heading 'Differential expression analysis of favorable and unfavorable neuroblastoma' in the Results section of [1]. Careful reanalysis after exclusion of NB11 did not lead to important changes in the generated gene lists and conclusions; the changes are given in the corrected paragraph and Table 2 (a corrected version of Table 4 [1]), and the Additional data files 1 and 2 (corrected versions of Additional data files 2 and 3 [1]) available online with this article.

We also noticed that sample NB1 is stage 1 instead of stage 4S and that sample NB2 was not localized to the adrenals (see Table 1).

## Results

## Differential expression analysis of favorable and unfavorable neuroblastoma

So far, most published microarray studies on neuroblastomas mainly compared favorable with unfavorable neuroblastomas in order to identify prognostic markers or pathways that are involved in these clearly different neuroblastoma tumor types. In order to add value to such an analysis, we contrasted similar differentially expressed gene lists with the normal neuroblast expression profile (Additional data file 1). In a first step, we compared the differentially expressed genes between these two tumor types with published prognostic gene lists. We found that 23 of the 193 genes on our list were previously reported, including the well established markers MYCN, NTRK1, and CD44 (see NBGS analysis in Additional data file 2). This overlap demonstrates the validity of the selected neuroblastoma panel and their expression profile. Subsequently, we looked for the corresponding gene expression levels of the differentially expressed genes in the normal counterpart cells, aiming to select neuroblastoma candidate genes. Of the 100 genes that are more highly expressed in favorable tumors (compared to unfavorable) 41 also have a significant differential expression (either higher or lower)

Table I Clinical and genetic data of carefully selected neuroblastoma samples that were included in this study

Sample	Lab	% Tumor		MYCN		Adrenal		Overall survival		
number	number	cells	Stage	amp	Ploidy	localization	Age	Dead/alive	(months)	Туре
NBI	98T33	95	I	No	Tri	Yes	< I year	Alive	76.9	Favorable
NB2	99T84	90	1	No	Tri	No	< I year	Alive	71.8	Favorable
NB3	96T82	90	1	No	Tri	Yes	< I year	Alive	115.5	Favorable
NB4	99T129	90	1	No	Tri	Yes	< I year	Alive	71.7	Favorable
NB5	01T28	90	4	Yes	Di	Yes	> I year	Dead	5.6	Unfavorable
NB6	03T304	100	3*	No	Di	Abdominal	> I year	Alive	12.0	Unfavorable
NB7	03T236	90	4	No	ND	Yes	> 5 year	Dead	19.4	Unfavorable
NB8	00T54	70	1	No	Tri	Yes	< I year	Alive	62.6	Favorable
NB9	00T35	>95	4	Yes	Di	Yes	< I year	Dead	13.7	Unfavorable
NBI0	99T125	80	3	No	Di	Yes	> 5 year	Alive	79.3	Unfavorable
NBII = NB4	99T129	90	1	No	Tri	Yes	< I year	Alive	71.7	Favorable
NB12	02T192	100	4	Yes	Di	Abdominal	> 5 year	Dead	16.2	Unfavorable
NB13	D031	>95	4	No	Di	Abdominal	> I year	Dead	64.8	Unfavorable
NB14	E002	>80	4	No	ND	Abdominal	> I year	Alive	65.7	Unfavorable
NB15	E037	>80	4	No	ND	Abdominal	> I year	Alive	45.3	Unfavorable
NB16	E044	>80	4	No	ND	Yes	< I year	Alive	37.0	Unfavorable
NB17	EI2I	>80	4	Yes	ND	Abdominal	> I year	Dead	78.4	Unfavorable
NB18	04T121	60	3	Yes	Di	Yes	> I year	Dead	6	Unfavorable

Samples were subdivided into favorable or unfavorable type based on MYCN amplification, ploidy and age at diagnosis. \*Neuroblastoma or nodular ganglioneuroblastoma. ND, not determined or unknown.

compared to neuroblasts, whereas 43 of the 93 genes that are more highly expressed in unfavorable tumors exhibit differential expression compared to the neuroblasts (Table 2).

From this analysis, a few putative positional tumor suppressor candidates emerge: CDC42 on 1p36, CACNA2D3 on 3p21 and DLK1 on 14q. The latter two genes are of particular interest because they are highly expressed in neuroblasts and favorable neuroblastomas and their expression is significantly lower in unfavorable neuroblastomas. Among the genes that are more highly expressed in unfavorable neuroblastomas than in favorable ones and neuroblasts, the proven oncogenic transcription factor MYCN emerges (and putative downstream genes KIFAP3, OPHN1, RGS7, ASCL1, ODC1, TWIST1 and TYMS, according to NBGS), as well as several other genes that have been identified or studied in the context of neuroblastoma such as ALK and PRAME, and positional candidates on 17q including BIRC5 and RNU2.

## Additional data files

Additional data files 1 and 2 containing the corrected data available online with this article.

#### References

De Preter K, Vandesompele J, Heimann P, Yigit N, Beckman S, Schramm A, Eggert A, Stallings RL, Benoit Y, Renard M, et al.: Human fetal neuroblast and neuroblastoma transcriptome analysis confirms neuroblast origin and highlights neuroblastoma candidate genes. Genome Biol 2006, 7:R84.

(Continues on the next page)

Table 2

Favorable NB > unfavorable NB NBGS			Favorable NB < unfa	NBGS		
neuroblast < favorab	le NB		neuroblast < favorable NB, neuroblast < unfavorable NB			
AKAP7	6q	-	FABP6	5q	-	
ARL4C	2q	_	IGLJ3	22q	1	
ASPN	9q	_	NEFL	•	•	
	•	-		8p	-	
BCL2	18q	Į.	NPY	7 <sub>P</sub>	-	
CALBI	8q	-				
AMK2B	22q	2	neuroblast < unfavo	rable NB		
.D24	<b>6</b> q	-				
DC42	lр	1	ALK	2p	-	
DDAHI	Iр	-	ASCLI	I2q	1	
NAPTP6	<b>2</b> q	-	BCL11A	2p	-	
PB41L3	18 <sub>P</sub>	1	BIRC5	17q	3	
AM70A	Χq	-	C3	19 <sub>P</sub>	_	
(IFAP3	Iq	1	CALCB	Пр	_	
PHN I	Χq	•	CCL18	17q	_	
PPAN	/4 19p	_	CCL21	9 <sub>P</sub>	-	
PRKCBI	-	-	CCNBI	_'	- 1	
	16p	Į		5q	ı	
REEPI	2p	-	CD74	5q	-	
RGS7	lq	2	CRH	8q	-	
RNFII	Iр	-	CSPG3	19 <sub>P</sub>	-	
CD5	<b>4</b> q	2	CXCR4	2q	2	
ERINCI	<b>6</b> q	I	DYNCIII	7q	-	
T6GALNAC5	Iр	-	FI2	5q	-	
V2C	5q	-	GFRA2	8p	-	
			IGHA I	1 <b>4</b> q	2	
euroblast > favorab	ole NB, neuroblast > ur	nfavorable NB	IGHG3	1 <b>4</b> q	-	
			IGHM	14q	_	
ACNA2D3	3р	_	IGKC	2p '	1	
DLK I	14q	2	IGLCI	22q		
IBG I	Hp	_	IGLC2	22q	_	
IBG2	•	-	LMO3	•	- 1	
IDGZ	Пр	-		12p	!	
			MMP9	20q	1	
euroblast > unfavoi	able NB		MYCN	2p	9	
			NEFH	22q	-	
LDH3A2	17 <sub>P</sub>	1	ODCI	2р	3	
)BH	<b>9</b> q	1	OGDHL	10q	-	
DLCI	8p	-	P2RX5	17 <sub>P</sub>	-	
YA I	8q	-	PRAME	<b>22</b> q	I	
SCH I	14q	1	RPS4YI	Yp	1	
HBA I	16p	-	SERPINFI	17p	-	
HBA2	16p	-	SIX3	2p	-	
ITRK I	Iq	4	SST	3q	1	
TPRD	9p	-	TNFRSF I OB	8 <sub>P</sub>	2	
TPRK	6q	-	TWISTI	ор 7 <sub>Р</sub>	ı	
FRPI		-	XAGEI		ı	
	8p	Į	AAGEI	Χp	-	
LC18A1	8p	-		LAID		
FAP2B	6p	<del>-</del>	neuroblast > favoral	oie IAR		
LN2	15q	I	RNU2	17q	-	
			neuroblast > favorable NB, neuroblast > unfavorable NB			
			Cl lorf43	llp		

Genes that are differentially expressed compared with neuroblasts among the differentially expressed genes in favorable neuroblastoma (NB) vs unfavorable NB, with an indication of the number of neuroblastoma microarray studies in which these genes were found through NBGS analysis. NBGS, Neuroblastoma Gene Server.